

# Mobile Source Committee Update



### Overview

Review of Mobile Source Committee Charge

Status of Committee's Deliverables for the 2016 Annual Meeting

### Committee Charge

Goal: To identify potential strategies for consideration at the 2016 Fall Meeting

#### Strategies Include:

- Sectors of High Emission Reduction Potential
  - Heavy Duty Diesel Trucks
  - Passenger Vehicles
  - Movement of Goods
  - Construction Equipment
  - Pleasure craft
- Ports
- SmartWay
- Diesel I/M & SIP Credit
- VMT Strategies
- Additional Transportation Strategies

### Status of Committee's Deliverables

### Deliverables for the 2016 Annual Meeting:

- 1. Report on Aftermarket Catalyst program efforts
- 2. Idling Best Practices Document
- 3. Approach to quantify SmartWay benefits
- 4. Report on status of efforts to reduce emissions from the Heavy-duty sector
- 5. Summary document on discussions with/need for EPA assistance for mobile source  $NO_x$  reductions

### **Aftermarket Converters**

### Light duty vehicles remain on the road longer than before

- Slower emission benefit from fleet turnover
- Failure rate of original converter increases over time

Disconnect between useful life of vehicle (120,000 in Tier 2 and 150,000 miles in Tier 3) and converter life (80,000 miles)



When warranties end, aftermarket parts are important

- OEM converters are expensive
- Aftermarket parts provide a more affordable option

Cleaner aftermarket converters provide mobile emission reductions without need for fleet turnover

# Aftermarket: Building a Coalition

Why? EPA has not moved forward to improve the broken aftermarket policy despite repeated calls from the Current Partners:

- OTC States
- MECA
- Auto Care
- Colorado
- CARB

By expanding the coalition we hope to push EPA to act.

This coalition could help in the future with other mobile issues such as Heavy Duty  $NO_X$  standards.

# Overview of Idling Reduction Efforts

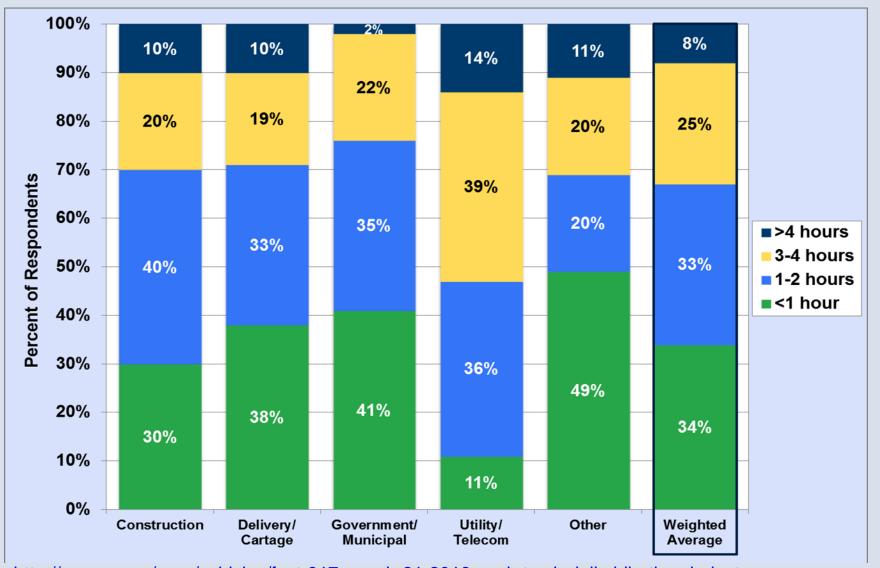
### OTC compiled idling reduction efforts in the OTR and looked at:

- Education
  - Found education practices throughout the OTR
- Enforcement
  - Discussed complaint based enforcement, geographically targeted enforcement, positive reinforcement.
- Technologies
  - Provided an overview of the costs/benefits of about 10 idling technologies ranging from truck installation (least expensive) to truck stop electrification (most expensive)
- Funding
  - Looked at DERA, CMAQ, SEP, and state funding programs
- Regulations
  - Compiled synopses of all of the idling regulations in the OTR

Received no comments through public outreach process

# Work Truck Daily Idle Time by Industry

#### From DoE Truck Idling Survey



# Anti-Idling: Education

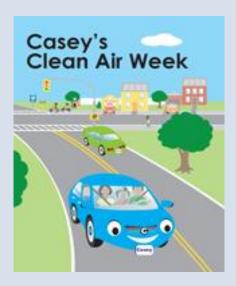
#### Signs



#### "Tickets"



#### Children's Books



#### **Posters**



#### Pledge

No Idlii	ng Pledge
for Schoo	of Districts
school district. We recognize that buse	ell-being of the students and staff of our es are the safest mode of student trans- ssions of soot from idling are a threat to
To protect students and staff from har	mful soot, we voluntarily pledge:
<ul> <li>To turn off engines while waiting to</li> <li>To use newest buses for the langest ro</li> <li>To maintain buses to eliminate any</li> <li>To complete school-bus driver training</li> </ul>	outes visible exhaust
School or School District:	
10vn: School Administrator's Signature : School Administrator's Name (Printed School Administrator's Title:	9:

# Anti-Idling: Enforcement

Complaint-Based Response

Geographic and Temporal Targeting

- Mapping High Idling Zones
- Periodic Sweeps

Positive Reinforcement

# Anti-Idling: Technology

Insulation

Automatic Engine Shut-Down & Start-Up/Electronic Engine Idling Parameters

Fuel Operated Heaters

Auxiliary Power Units (APUs)/Generator Sets

Coolant Heaters/Energy Recovery System

Storage Air Conditioners/Battery Heaters

Vehicle Electrification

Truck Stop Electrification

# Anti-Idling: Financing

#### CMAQ (Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality)

- Program funded through Transportation Bill
- MD & NY have used for idling reduction installations

#### **DERA** (Diesel Emission Reduction Act)

- Originally part of the Energy Policy Act of 2005
- Nearly every OTC jurisdiction has used this, but can only be used for:
  - School buses
  - Rail/Marine
  - Truck Stop Electrification

#### SEP (Supplemental Environmental Program)

Funding comes from court settlements due to environmental damage

### State Funded Programs

# SmartWay® Affiliates Program

# Goal: States in the OTR to join the SmartWay Affiliates Program

- Affiliates are committed to promoting greater energy efficiency and air quality within the freight transport sector through the SmartWay Transport program
- Actions Affiliates Take:
  - Promote SmartWay
  - Educate their members about the program and its benefits
  - Train members on best practices related to SmartWay and supply chain efficiency

State	Status
СТ	Affiliate
DE	App. Submitted
DC	Affiliate
ME	Affiliate
MD	Affiliate
MA	Affiliate
NJ	No Update
NH	Affiliate
NY	No Update
PA	Affiliate
RI	Affiliate
VT	Affiliate
VA	Affiliate

# **SmartWay Calculations**

Goal: Calculate NO<sub>x</sub> benefits of SmartWay program in OTR

- Data to show benefits of expanding
- Potentially gain SIP credit for SmartWay

EPA collects good national scale data, but not much that can be applied specifically to the OTR

Examined several sources, but none have been sufficient

- Fuel Tax Data
- Apportioned Registration Data
- 2007 SmartWay SIP Guidance

Next Step: Improve rough estimates from 2014

### Reducing Emissions from the HD Sector

### Monitoring EPA and California rulemaking and activities

 SCAQMD is submitting a petition and some of the OTC states have joined on, while others due to the short time frame are considering other options

Engaging with EPA Office of Transportation and Air Quality Keeping track of technical progress

Southwest Research Institute (SWRI) low emission HDE NO<sub>X</sub> study (currently expected late summer)

# Questions & Input

